

#### CS25/28 HYDRAULIC POLE CHAIN SAW





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#### **DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY**

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY ÜBEREINSTIMMUNGS-ERKLARUNG DECLARATION DE CONFORMITE CEE DECLARACION DE CONFORMIDAD DICHIARAZIONE DI CONFORMITA

#### Weisbeck, Andy

Surname and First names/Familiennname und Vornamen/Nom et prénom/Nombre y apellido/Cognome e nome

hereby declare that the equipment specified hereunder: bestätige hiermit, daß erklaren Produkt genannten Werk oder Gerät: déclare que l'équipement visé ci-dessous: Por la presente declaro que el equipo se especifica a continuación: Dichiaro che le apparecchiature specificate di seguito:

1.	Category:
	Kategorie:
	Catégorie:
	Categoria:
	Categoria:

I, the undersigned:

Je soussigné:

El abajo firmante: lo sottoscritto:

Ich, der Unterzeichnende:

#### Pole Chain Saw, Hydraulic

CS2581101, CS2881101

All

2. Make/Marke/Margue/Marca/Marca Stanley

- 3. Type/Typ/Type/Tipo/Tipo:
- Serial number of equipment: Seriennummer des Geräts: Numéro de série de l'équipement: Numero de serie del equipo: Matricola dell'attrezzatura:

Has been manufactured in conformity with Wurde hergestellt in Übereinstimmung mit Est fabriqué conformément Ha sido fabricado de acuerdo con E' stata costruita in conformitá con

Directive/Standards Approved body No **Richtlinie/Standards** Nr Prüfung durch Directives/Normes Numéro Organisme agréé Directriz/Los Normas Aprobado No Direttiva/Norme Collaudato n. 0466/96/32-1:1998 Certificate Self ISO 11680-2:2000 Self Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC:2006 Self

 Special Provisions: None Spezielle Bestimmungen: Dispositions particulières: Provisiones especiales: Disposizioni speciali:

6. Representative in the Union: Patrick Vervier, Stanley Dubuis 17-19, rue Jules Berthonneau-BP 3406 41034 Blois Cedex, France. Vertreter in der Union/Représentant dans l'union/Representante en la Union/Rappresentante presso l'Unione

Done at/Ort/Fait à/Dado en/Fatto a <u>Stanley Hydraulic Tools, Milwaukie, Oregon USA</u>Date/Datum/le/Fecha/Data 3-3-11

Signature/Unterschrift/Signature/Firma/Firma	Andy Wish
Position/Position/Fonction/Cargo/Posizione_	Engineering Manager

STARLEY. Hydraulic Tools

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To fill out a Product Warranty Validation form, and for information on your warranty, visit Stanleyhydraulics.com and select the Company tab, Warranty. (NOTE: The warranty Validation record must be submitted to validate the warranty).

**SERVICING:** This manual contains safety, operation, and routine maintenance instructions. Stanley Hydraulic Tools recommends that servicing of hydraulic tools, other than routine maintenance, must be performed by an authorized and certified dealer. Please read the following warning.

#### **A WARNING**

SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH COULD RESULT FROM THE IMPROPER REPAIR OR SERVICE OF THIS TOOL.

REPAIRS AND / OR SERVICE TO THIS TOOL MUST ONLY BE DONE BY AN AUTHORIZED AND CERTIFIED DEALER.

For the nearest authorized and certified dealer, call Stanley Hydraulic Tools at the number listed on the back of this manual and ask for a Customer Service Representative.



#### **SAFETY SYMBOLS**

Safety symbols and signal words, as shown below, are used to emphasize all operator, maintenance and repair actions which, if not strictly followed, could result in a life-threatening situation, bodily injury or damage to equipment.



This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.

This safety alert and signal word indicate an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, <u>will</u> result in <u>death or serious injury</u>.

This safety alert and signal word indicate a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, <u>could</u> result in <u>death or serious injury</u>.

This safety alert and signal word indicate a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, <u>could</u> result in <u>death or serious injury</u>.

This signal word indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, <u>may</u> result in <u>property damage</u>.

This signal word indicates a situation which, if not avoided, <u>will</u> result in <u>damage</u> to the equipment.

This signal word indicates a situation which, if not avoided, <u>may</u> result in <u>damage to the equipment</u>.

Always observe safety symbols. They are included for your safety and for the protection of the tool.

#### LOCAL SAFETY REGULATIONS

Enter any local safety regulations here. Keep these instructions in an area accessible to the operator and maintenance personnel.

#### **SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

Tool operators and maintenance personnel must always comply with the safety precautions given in this manual and on the stickers and tags attached to the tool and hose.

These safety precautions are given for your safety. Review them carefully before operating the tool and before performing general maintenance or repairs.

Supervising personnel should develop additional precautions relating to the specific work area and local safety regulations. If so, place the added precautions in the space provided in this manual.

The CS25/28 Hydraulic Pole Chain Saw will provide safe and dependable service if operated in accordance with the instructions given in this manual. Read and understand this manual and any stickers and tags attached to the tool and hoses before operation. Failure to do so could result in personal injury or equipment damage.



- Operator must start in a work area without bystanders. The operator must be familiar with all prohibited work areas such as excessive slopes and dangerous terrain conditions.
- Establish a training program for all operators to ensure safe operation.
- Do not operate the tool unless thoroughly trained or under the supervision of an instructor.
- Always wear safety equipment such as goggles, ear, head protection, and safety shoes at all times when operating the tool.
- Do not overreach. Maintain proper footing and balance at all times.

- Do not inspect or clean the tool while the hydraulic power source is connected. Accidental engagement of the tool can cause serious injury.
- Supply hoses must have a minimum working pressure rating of 2500 psi/175 bar.
- Be sure all hose connections are tight.
- The hydraulic circuit control valve must be in the OFF position when coupling or uncoupling the tool.
  Wipe all couplers clean before connecting. Use only lint-free cloths. Failure to do so may result in damage to the quick couplers and cause overheating of the hydraulic system.
- Do not operate the tool at oil temperatures above 140 °F/60 °C. Operation at higher oil temperatures can cause operator discomfort and may damage the tool.
- Do not operate a damaged, improperly adjusted, or incompletely assembled tool.
- To avoid personal injury or equipment damage, all tool repair, maintenance and service must only be performed by authorized and properly trained personnel.
- Do not exceed the rated limits of the tool or use the tool for applications beyond its design capacity.
- Always keep critical tool markings, such as labels and warning stickers legible.
- Always replace parts with replacement parts recommended by Stanley Hydraulic Tools.
- Check fastener tightness often and before each use daily.
- Do not wear loose fitting clothing when operating the tool.

#### **SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

#### POLE CHAIN SAW SPECIFIC SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- Do not rely exclusively upon the safety devices built into the saw. As a pole saw user, several steps must be taken to keep your cutting jobs free from accident or injury.
- With basic understanding of kickback, you can reduce or eliminate the element of surprise. Sudden surprise contributes to accidents.
- Keep a good firm grip on the pole chain saw with both hands. Place your right hand on the rear handle and your left hand on the outer tube assembly when operating. Use a firm grip with your thumbs and fingers encircling the chain saw handle and outer tube assembly. A firm grip helps reduce kickback and maintains control of the pole chain saw. Do not let go.
- Make sure the area in which you are cutting is free of obstructions. Never allow the nose of the guide bar to contact a branch or any other obstruction that can be accidently hit while operating the saw.
- Cut at the rated operating speeds (gpm).
- Follow the manufacturer's sharpening and maintenance instructions for the saw chain.
- Only use replacement bars and chains specified by Stanley or equivalent.
- Make sure you're well rested and mentally alert before operating the pole chain saw.
- Do not start cutting until you have a clear work area, secure footing and a planned drop area for falling branches.
- Keep all parts of the body away from the saw chain during operation.
- Carry the saw with the unit de-energized.

- Do not operate a pole chain saw that is damaged, improperly adjusted or not completely and securely assembled. Make sure the chain stops moving when the control trigger is released.
- Use extreme caution when cutting small branches. Twigs may catch the saw chain and be whipped toward the operator or pull the operator off balance.
- When cutting a limb that is under tension, be aware of spring back so you will not be struck when the tension on the limb is released. Always cut on the outside arc or curve.
- Keep the handle dry, clean and free of hydraulic fluid.
- When using tools near energized transmission lines, make sure to use only hoses labeled and certified non-conductive.
- Turn off the power unit or move the hydraulic control valve to neutral before setting the pole chain saw down.
- Use a chain bar scabbard when transporting the saw.
- Know the location of buried or covered electrical services before starting work.
- To avoid personal injury or equipment damage, all tool repair, maintenance and service must only be performed by authorized and properly trained personnel.

#### **ELECTRICAL HAZARDS**

The following guidelines must be followed to prevent accidental contact with overhead electrical conductors and/or communication wires and cables. (Ref. ANSI Z133.1-2000)

#### WORKING IN PROXIMITY TO ELECTRICAL HAZARDS

An inspection shall be made by a qualified arborist to determine whether an electrical hazard exists before climbing, or otherwise entering, or performing work in or on a tree.

Only qualified line-clearance arborists or qualified lineclearance arborist trainees shall be assigned to work where an electrical hazard exists. Qualified line-clearance arborist trainees shall be under the direct supervision of qualified line-clearance arborist.

A second qualified line-clearance arborists or line-clearance arborist trainees shall be within vision or voice communication during line-clearing operations aloft when line-clearance arborists or line-clearance arborist trainees must approach closer than 10 feet (3.05 meters) to any energized electrical conductor in excess of 750 volts (primary conductor) or when:

- 1. Branches or limbs being removed cannot first be cut (with a pole pruner/pole saw) to sufficiently clear electrical conductors, so as to avoid contact.
- Roping is required to remove branches or limbs from such electrical conductors. This does not apply to individuals working on behalf of, or employed by, electrical system owners/operators engaged in line-clearing operations incidental to their normal occupation.

Qualified line-clearance arborists and line-clearance arborist trainees shall maintain minimum approach distances from energized electrical conductors in accordance with Table 1.

All other arborists shall maintain a minimum approach distance from energized electrical conductors in accordance with Table 2.

Branches hanging on an energized electrical conductor shall be removed using non-conductive equipment.

			Includes 1910.269 elevation factor, 5001 – 10,000 ft <sup>1)</sup>		Includes 1910.269 elevation factor, 10,000 – 14,000 ft <sup>1)</sup>	
ft-in	m	ft-in	m	ft-in	m	
Avoid	contact	Avoid	contact	Avoid	contact	
2–04	0.71	2–08	0.81	2–10	0.86	
2–09	0.84	3–02	0.97	3–05	1.04	
3–00	0.92	3–05	1.04	3–09	1.14	
3–09	1.14	4–03	1.30	4–07	1.40	
4–06	1.37	5–02	1.58	5–07	1.70	
5–02	1.58	5–11	1.80	6–05	1.96	
6–00	1.83	6–10	2.08	7–05	2.26	
7–11	2.41	9–00	2.75	9–09	2.97	
13–02	4.02	15–00	4.58	16–03	4.96	
19–00	5.80	21–09	6.63	23–06	7.17	
27–04	8.34	31–03	9.53	33–10	10.32	
	factor, sea level     ft-in     Avoid     204     209     300     300     300     300     300     300     300     300     300     300     300     301     302     600     711     1302     1900	Avoid contact       2-04     0.71       2-09     0.84       3-00     0.92       3-09     1.14       4-06     1.37       5-02     1.58       6-00     1.83       7-11     2.41       13-02     4.02       19-00     5.80	factor, sea level to 5000 ft <sup>1)</sup> factor, 5001ft-inmft-inAvoid $\Box$ Avoid2–040.712–082–090.843–023–000.923–053–091.144–034–061.375–025–021.585–116–001.836–107–112.419–0013–024.0215–0019–005.8021–09	factor, sea level to 5000 ft1factor, $5001 - 10,000$ ft1ft-inmft-inmAvoid contactAvoid contactAvoid contact2-040.712-080.812-090.843-020.973-000.923-051.043-091.144-031.304-061.375-021.585-021.585-111.806-001.836-102.087-112.419-002.7513-024.0215-004.5819-005.8021-096.63	factor, sea level to 5000 ft <sup>1)</sup> factor, 5001 - 10,000 ft <sup>1)</sup> factor, 10,00ft-inmft-inmft-inAvoid contactAvoid contactAvoidAvoid2-040.712-080.812-102-090.843-020.973-053-000.923-051.043-093-091.144-031.304-074-061.375-021.585-075-021.585-111.806-056-001.836-102.087-057-112.419-002.759-0913-024.0215-004.5816-0319-005.8021-096.6323-06	

Table 1 – Minimum approach distances from energized conductors for qualified line-clearance arborists and qualified line- clearance arborist trainees.

#### **ELECTRICAL HAZARDS**

Table 2 – Minimum approach distances to energized conductors for persons other than qualified line-clearance arborists and qualified line-clearance arborist trainees.

Nominal Voltage	Distance		
kV phase-to-phase <sup>1)</sup>	ft-in	m	
0.0 - 1.0	10–00	3.05	
1.1 – 15.0	10–00	3.05	
15.1 – 36.0	10–00	3.05	
36.1 - 50.0	10–00	3.05	
50.1 – 72.5	10–09	3.28	
72.6 – 121.0	12–04	3.76	
138.0 - 145.0	13–02	4.00	
161.0 - 169.0	14–00	4.24	
230.0 - 242.0	16–05	4.97	
345.0 - 362.0	20–05	6.17	
500.0 - 550.0	26–08	8.05	
785.0 - 800.0	35–00	10.55	
<sup>1)</sup> Exceeds	s phase-to-ground	1.	

The tie-in position should be above the work area and located in such a way that a slip would swing the arborist away from any energized electrical conductors or other identified hazard.

While climbing, the arborist should climb on the side of the tree that is away from energized electrical conductors as required in Tables 1 and 2.

Footwear, including lineman's overshoes, having electrical-resistant soles, shall not be considered as providing any measure of safety from electrical hazards. Rubber gloves, with or without leather or other protective covering, shall not be considered as providing any measure of safety from electrical hazards.

Ladders, platforms and aerial devices, including insulated aerial devices, shall be subject to minimum approach distances in Table 1 and 2.

Aerial devices and attached equipment (such as chippers) contacting energized electrical conductors shall be considered energized. Contact shall be avoided, except where emergency rescue procedures are being carried out. Emergency rescue should be performed in accordance with 4.3.

#### STORM WORK AND EMERGENCY CONDITIONS-LINE CLEARANCE

Line clearance shall not be performed during adverse weather conditions such as thunderstorms, high winds and snow and ice storms.

Qualified line-clearance arborists and qualified lineclearance arborists trainees performing line clearance in the aftermath of a storm or under similar conditions shall be trained in the special hazards associated with this type of work.

Line-clearance operations shall be suspended when storm work or emergency conditions develop involving energized electrical conductors. Electrical system owners/operators shall be notified immediately.

#### **TOOL STICKERS & TAGS**



28409 Composite Decal

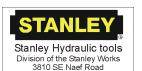
THIS CHAIN SAW IS EQUIPPED WITH AN AUTOMATIC CHAIN OILER. SEE YOUR PARTS & SERVICE BOOK FOR

PROPER ADJUSTING PROCEDURES

04746 Automatic Oiler Decal



12412 Electrical Warning Decal



Milwaukie, OR 97267 05153 Stanley Decal



Δ

В.

C.

28323 CE Decal

#### NOTE:

THE INFORMATION LISTED ON THE STICKERS SHOWN. MUST BE LEGIBLE AT ALL TIMES.

**REPLACE DECALS IF** THEY BECOME WORN OR DAMAGED. REPLACEMENTS ARE AVAILABLE FROM YOUR LOCAL STANLEY DISTRIBUTOR.

The safety tag (P/N 15875) at right is attached to the tool when shipped from the factory. Read and understand the safety instructions listed on this tag before removal. We suggest you retain this tag and attach it to the tool when not in use.



7-9 GPM Decal



03693 **Closed Center Decal** 



65839 - CS25 (shown) 65840 - CS28 Name Tag



BLADE OR HA OUTER TUBE

15863

11207

Decal

Danger Decal

30Lpm at 138bar BHTMA CATEGOR

Circuit Type D

03782

4-6 GPM Decal



CAUTION

4-6 GPM / 15-22 LPM DO NOT EXCEED 2000 PSI / 140 BAR

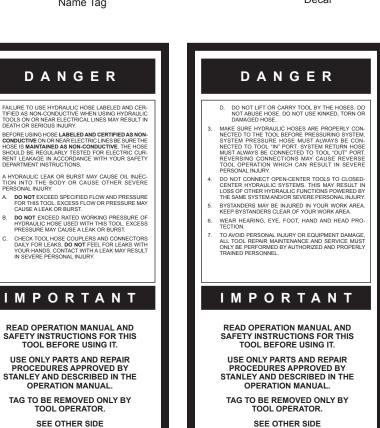
DO NOT EXCEED SPECIFIED FLOW OR PRESSURE USE CLOSED-CENTER TOOL ON CLOSED-CENTER SYSTEM. USE OPEN-CENTER TOOL ON OPEN-CENTER SYSTEM. USE OPEN-CENTER TOOL ON OPEN-CENTER SYSTEM. USE OPEN-CENTER TOOL ON OPEN-CENTER MITENNEC OF TOOL COULD RESULT IN A LEAK BURST ROTHER TOOL FAILURE: CONTACT AT A LEAK OR BURST ROTHER TOOL FAILURE: CONTACT AT A LEAK OR BURST ROTHER TOOL FAILURE: CONTACT AT A LEAK OR BURST BERRY THESE PRECAUTIONS CAN RESULT IN SERIOUS PERSONAL, NURY.

34685 Sound Power Decal

| WA



11206 Circuit Type C Decal



SAFETY TAG P/N 15875 (Shown smaller then actual size)

#### **HOSE TYPES**

The rated working pressure of the hydraulic hose must be equal to or higher than the relief valve setting on the hydraulic system. There are three types of hydraulic hose that meet this requirement and are authorized for use with Stanley Hydraulic Tools. They are:

Certified non-conductive — constructed of thermoplastic or synthetic rubber inner tube, synthetic fiber braid reinforcement, and weather resistant thermoplastic or synthetic rubber cover. Hose labeled certified nonconductive is the only hose authorized for use near electrical conductors.

Wire-braided (conductive) — constructed of synthetic rubber inner tube, single or double wire braid reinforcement, and weather resistant synthetic rubber cover. This hose is conductive and must never be used near electrical conductors.

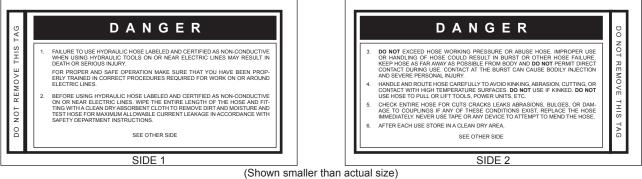
Fabric-braided (not certified or labeled non-conductive) — constructed of thermoplastic or synthetic rubber inner tube, synthetic fiber braid reinforcement, and weather resistant thermoplastic or synthetic rubber cover. This hose is not certified non-conductive and must never be used near electrical conductors.

#### HOSE SAFETY TAGS

To help ensure your safety, the following DANGER tags are attached to all hose purchased from Stanley Hydraulic Tools. DO NOT REMOVE THESE TAGS.

If the information on a tag is illegible because of wear or damage, replace the tag immediately. A new tag may be obtained from your Stanley Distributor.

#### THE TAG SHOWN BELOW IS ATTACHED TO "CERTIFIED NON-CONDUCTIVE" HOSE



#### THE TAG SHOWN BELOW IS ATTACHED TO "CONDUCTIVE" HOSE.





(Shown smaller than actual size)

Oil	Oil Flow	Hose Lengths	engths	Inside Diameter	iameter	USE	Min. Working Pressure	ig Pressure
GPM	LPM	FEET	METERS	INCH	MM	(Press/Return)	PSI	BAR
		Certified No	on-Conductive	Hose - Fiber	r Braid - for	Certified Non-Conductive Hose - Fiber Braid - for Utility Bucket Trucks	Trucks	
4-9	15-34	up to 10	up to 3	3/8	10	Both	2250	155
	Conducti	ve Hose - Wire	<b>Braid or Fiber</b>	Braid -DO N	<b>NOT USE NE</b>	Conductive Hose - Wire Braid or Fiber Braid -DO NOT USE NEAR ELECTRICAL CONDUCTORS	AL CONDUCT	ORS
4-6	15-23	up to 25	up to 7.5	3/8	10	Both	2500	175
4-6	15-23	26-100	7.5-30	1/2	13	Both	2500	175
5-10.5	19-40	up to 50	up to 15	1/2	13	Both	2500	175
5-10.5	19-40	51-100	15-30	5/8	16	Both	2500	175
	07	000		5/8	16	Pressure	2500	175
c.01-c	19-40	005-001	20-90	3/4	19	Return	2500	175
10-13	38-49	up to 50	up to 15	5/8	16	Both	2500	175
	07 00			5/8	16	Pressure	2500	175
n-10	00-4 <i>0</i>	001-10	02-01	3/4	19	Return	2500	175
	07 00	100		3/4	19	Pressure	2500	175
<u>-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1</u>	00-40	002-001	00-00	-	25.4	Return	2500	175
0 7 7	000	10.01	0 - 1	5/8	16	Pressure	2500	175
0-	48-00	cz oj dn	o ni dn	3/4	19	Return	2500	175
0 7 7	10.00	001.90		3/4	19	Pressure	2500	175
0 -2	48-00	001-07	02-0	-	25.4	Return	2500	175

## Tool to Hydraulic Circuit Hose Recommendations

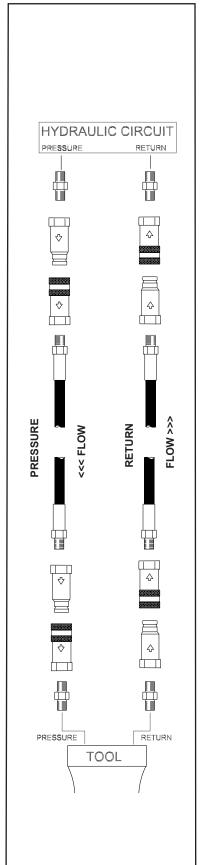
**STANLEY** 

The chart to the right shows recommended minimum hose diameters for various hose lengths based on gallons per minute (gpm)/ liters per minute (lpm). These recommendations are intended to keep return line pressure (back pressure) to a minimum acceptable level to ensure maximum tool performance.

This chart is intended to be used for hydraulic tool applications only based on Stanley Hydraulic Tools tool operating requirements and should not be used for any other applications.

All hydraulic hose must have at least a rated minimum working pressure equal to the maximum hydraulic system relief valve setting.

All hydraulic hose must meet or exceed specifications as set forth by SAE J517.



# Figure 1. Typical Hose Connections

#### HOSE RECOMMENDATIONS

#### HTMA / EHTMA REQUIREMENTS

#### HTMA / EHTMA REQUIREMENTS

HTMA		TOOL TYPE			
HYDRAULIC SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS	TYPE I	TYPE II	TYPE RR	TYPE III	
Flow Range	4-6 gpm (15-23 lpm)	7-9 gpm (26-34 lpm)	9-10.5 gpm (34-40 lpm)	11-13 gpm (42-49 lpm)	
Nominal Operating Pressure (at the power supply outlet)	1500 psi (103 bar)	1500 psi (103 bar)	1500 psi (103 bar)	1500 psi (103 bar)	
System relief valve setting (at the power supply outlet)	2100-2250 psi (145-155 bar)	2100-2250 psi (145-155 bar)	2200-2300 psi (152-159 bar)	2100-2250 psi (145-155 bar)	
Maximum back pressure (at tool end of the return hose)	250 psi (17 bar)	250 psi (17 bar)	250 psi (17 bar)	250 psi (17 bar)	
Measured at a max. fluid viscosity of: (at min. operating temperature)	400 ssu* (82 centistokes)	400 ssu* (82 centistokes)	400 ssu* (82 centistokes)	400 ssu* (82 centistokes)	
Temperature: Sufficient heat rejection capacity to limit max. fluid temperature to: (at max. expected ambient temperature)	140° F (60° C)	140° F (60° C)	140° F (60° C)	140° F (60° C)	
Min. cooling capacity at a temperature difference of between ambient and fluid temps <b>NOTE:</b> Do not operate the tool at oil temperatures above 140° F discomfort at the tool.	3 hp (2.24 kW) 40° F (22° C) <sup>5</sup> (60° C). Operation a	5 hp (3.73 kW) 40° F (22° C) t higher temperatu	6 hp (5.22 kW) 40° F (22° C) res can cause ope	7 hp (4.47 kW) 40° F (22° C) vrator	
Filter Min. full-flow filtration Sized for flow of at least: (For cold temp. startup and max. dirt-holding capacity)	25 microns 30 gpm (114 lpm)	25 microns 30 gpm (114 lpm)	25 microns 30 gpm (114 lpm)	25 microns 30 gpm (114 lpm)	
Hydraulic fluid Petroleum based (premium grade, anti-wear, non-conductive)	100-400 ssu*	100-400 ssu* 20-82 centistokes)	100-400 ssu*	100-400 ssu*	

When choosing hydraulic fluid, the expected oil temperature extremes that will be experienced in service determine the most suitable temperature viscosity characteristics. Hydraulic fluids with a viscosity index over 140 will meet the requirements over a wide range of operating temperatures.

\*SSU = Saybolt Seconds Universal

EHTMA		CLA	SSIFICATION	N	2
HYDRAULIC SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS	B Sum et 136or EHMA CATEGORY	20Lpm at 138bar EHTMA CATEGORY	D 30Lpm at 138bor EHTMA CATEGORY	E 40Lpm at 138bar EHTMA CATEGORY	F BOLpm dt 138bar Entrika CATEGORY
Flow Range	3.5-4.3 gpm (13.5-16.5 lpm)	4.7-5.8 gpm (18-22 lpm)	7.1-8.7 gpm (27-33 lpm)	9.5-11.6 gpm (36-44 lpm)	11.8-14.5 gpm (45-55 lpm)
Nominal Operating Pressure	1870 psi	1500 psi	1500 psi	1500 psi	1500 psi
(at the power supply outlet)	(129 bar)	(103 bar)	(103 bar)	(103 bar)	(103 bar)
System relief valve setting (at the power supply outlet)	2495 psi (172 bar)	2000 psi (138 bar)	2000 psi (138 bar)	2000 psi (138 bar)	2000 psi (138 bar)

NOTE: These are general hydraulic system requirements. See tool specification page for tool specific requirements





#### PRE-OPERATION PROCEDURES CHECK POWER SOURCE

- 1. Using a calibrated flowmeter and pressure gauge, make sure the hydraulic power source develops a flow of 4-6 gpm /15-22 lpm at 1500-2000 psi/105/140 bar for the CS25 or a flow of 7-9 gpm/26-34 lpm at 1000-2000 psi/70-140 bar for the CS28.
- 2. Make sure the power source is equipped with a relief valve set to open at 2100-2250 psi/145-155 bar.
- 3. Check that the dual spool valve is set to the hydraulic system type (open-center (CC) or closed-center (CC) operation).

#### CHECK TOOL

- 1. Make sure all tool accessories are correctly installed. Failure to install tool accessories properly can result in damage to the tool or personal injury.
- 2. There should be no signs of leaks.
- 3. The tool should be clean, with all fittings and fasteners tight.

#### **CHECK TRIGGER MECHANISM**

1. Check that the trigger operates smoothly and is free to travel between the **ON** and **OFF** positions.

#### SETTING THE DUAL SPOOL FOR OPERATION

#### IMPORTANT

This tool is furnished with a on-off spool commonly referred to as a "dual spool" which permits adjustment so the tool may be operated on either a open-center hydraulic system or a closed-center hydraulic system. The dual spool is normally set to the open-center (OC) position at time of manufacture. The dual spool can also be disabled so that the tool may be set to open-center only operation or closed-center only operation. For more details, please refer to the following instructions.

#### SETTING FOR OPEN-CENTER (OC) OR CLOSED-CENTER (CC) OPERATION

To set the tool for OC system operation turn the selector screw located in the top of the valve spool fully out (counter-clockwise) until it hits the stop.

To set the tool for CC system operation turn the selector

screw located in the top of the valve spool fully in (clockwise) until it bottoms.

#### TO DISABLE DUAL SPOOL OPERATION AND CONVERT TO OC ONLY OPERATION

Turn the selector screw located in the top of the valve spool fully out (counter-clockwise) until it hits the stop.

1. Insert the small plug from the kit (furnished with the tool) into the hole located in the top of the selector screw. Tap the plug down using a small punch and hammer. DO NOT USE ANY ADHESIVES.

#### TO DISABLE DUAL SPOOL OPERATION AND CONVERT TO CC ONLY OPERATION

- 1. Turn the selector screw located in the top of the valve spool fully in (clockwise) until it bottoms.
- 2. Insert the small plug from the kit (furnished with the tool) into the hole located in the top of the selector screw. Tap the plug down using a small punch and hammer. DO NOT USE ANY ADHESIVES.

#### **CONNECTING HOSES**

- 1. Wipe all hose couplers with a clean lint-free cloth before making connections.
- 2. Connect the hoses from the hydraulic power source to the tool fittings or quick disconnects. It is a good practice to connect return hoses first and disconnect them last to minimize or avoid trapped pressure within the tool.
- 3. Observe the arrow on the couplers to ensure that the flow is in the proper direction. The female coupler on the tool is the inlet (pressure) coupler.
- 4. Move the hydraulic circuit control valve to the ON position to operate the tool.

#### NOTE:

If uncoupled hoses are left in the sun, pressure increase inside the hoses can make them difficult to connect. If possible, connect the free ends of the hoses together.

#### **TOOL OPERATION**

#### **A WARNING**

The following are general woodcutting procedures and techniques. Differences in the terrain, vegetation and type of wood will make this information more or less valid for particular areas. For advice on specific wood cutting problems or techniques for your area, consult you local Stanley representative or your county agent. They can often provide information that will make your work safer and more productive.

#### **CUTTING TIPS**

- Check the lean of the tree. Tie a weight to a piece of string about 2 feet long. Hang the weight in your line of sight. The string is a good vertical line to help you judge the lean of a tree. The tree should fall the way the string is leaning. Trees that are straight (leaning no more than 5°) generally can be felled in any direction.
- 2. Check the weight distribution. A tree is heavier on the side with the most limbs. It will try to fall on its heavy side. Trim a few limbs to balance the tree.
- 3. Clear the work area. You need a clean area all around the tree. Get everything out of the area where the limbs might fall. Do not cut trees near structures. Because of the danger of electrocution, use extreme care when cutting trees near power lines.
- 4. The chain saw should cut with very little pressure applied to the handle. If you have to force the cut or if the cut is not straight, cease cutting immediately to prevent further saw chain and bar damage. See the MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENTS section in this manual for chain replacement, sharpening or adjustment procedures.

#### **FELLING OR TOPPING**

1. Observe safety precautions.

#### NOTCHING OR UNDERCUTTING

- 2. The notching or undercutting cut is made on the side you want the tree to fall.
- 3. Start the cut horizontally. Cut to about one-quarter of the tree's diameter.

#### **A WARNING**

Watch for falling limbs.

4. Make a diagonal cut down to meet the horizontal cut and remove the wood from the notch.

#### FELLING OR BACK CUT

- 5. The felling or back cut is made on the side opposite and at least 2 inches above the horizontal undercut (the felling cut is made higher as the size of the tree increases).
- 6. Start the cut horizontally parallel to the notch cut. Cut until the saw is about 1 or 2 inches from the notch. **DO NOT CUT THROUGH THE NOTCH.**

#### NOTE:

#### The uncut wood between the felling and notch cuts is called the hinge. The hinge controls the fall of the tree and should be of uniform thickness.

7. As the saw nears the back cut, watch the tree-top and the cut for signs of movement. Be alert as soon as the tree starts to move, turn off the saw, pull it from the tree and move away quickly on your escape route.

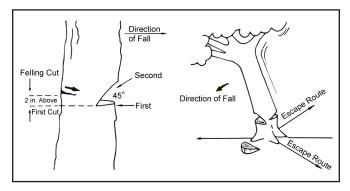


Figure 2. Felling a Tree

#### LOGS/LIMBS WITH PRESSURE ON BOTTOM

- 1. Observe all safety precautions.
- 2. Begin with a bottom-cut. The depth of the cut should be about one-third of the log diameter.
- 3. Finish with an upper cut, down from the top. The saw cuts should meet.

#### **PRUNING & TRIMMING**

- 1. Observe all safety precautions.
- 2. Use both hands. Keep a firm grip.
- 3. Be alert for kickback. Do not allow the tip of the bar to touch anything while the chain is in motion.

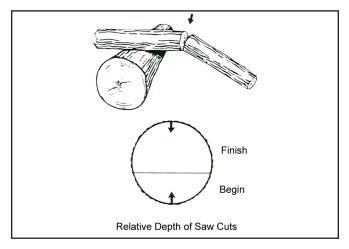


Figure 3. Crosscutting Logs/Limbs with Pressure on Bottom

- 4. Pole chain saws must be hung securely in a vertical position to prevent dislodgement. Pole chain saws must not be hung on utility wires or cables and must not be left in the tree overnight. Pole chain saws must be hung so the sharp edge is away from the worker, if possible.
- 5. Warnings, when necessary, must be given by the worker in the tree before a limb is dropped. "Timber" or "heads up" are common terms used for this purpose.
- 6. A separate line should be attached to limbs that cannot be dropped safely or are too heavy to be controlled by hand. The line should be held by workers on the ground end of the rope. Use of the same crotch for both the safety rope and the work rope should be avoided.
- 7. The safety line or climbing rope must not be used for any purpose but for climbing.
- 8. Cut branches must not be left in trees overnight.

#### TOPPING/LOWERING LIMBS

- 1. Observe all safety precautions.
- 2. Use both hands. Keep a firm grip.
- 3. Workers performing topping operations should make sure the trees are able to stand the strain of a topping procedure. If not, some other means of lowering the branches should be provided, such as a tree crane.
- 4. If large limbs are lowered in sections, the worker in the tree should be above the limb being lowered.
- 5. Guidelines, hand lines, or tag lines must be used when conditions warrant their use.

#### LIMBING AND BUCKING

- 1. Observe all safety precautions.
- 2. Use both hands. Keep a firm grip.
- 3. When it is possible to do so, the tree worker must work on the side opposite the side on which the limb is being cut.
- 4. Branches bent under tension must be considered hazardous.

#### COLD WEATHER OPERATION

If the pole chain saw is to be used during cold weather, preheat the hydraulic fluid at low engine speed. When using the normally recommended fluids, fluid should be at or above 50 °F/10 °C (400 ssu/82 centistokes) before use.

Damage to the hydraulic system or pole chain saw can result from use with fluid that is too viscous or thick.

Cutting frozen wood causes the cutters to wear, crack and break at the back rivet hole unless proper precautions are taken. To extend chain life when cutting in cold weather:

- Be sure the automatic oiler is working.
- Keep the chain tensioned and check often.
- Keep the chain properly sharpened. Touch up at least every hour. Never force a dull chain to cut.
- Clean out the bar groove and keep the oil hole open. Turn the bar over to equalize wear on the rails.
- Always install a new sprocket with a new chain.

#### AUTOMATIC OILER ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Observe all safety precautions.
- 2. The automatic oiler is located in the front of the motor housing. The oil volume can be adjusted with a 3/16 inch Allen wrench by turning the plug counterclockwise to increase output and turning clockwise to decrease output.

#### NOTE:

#### Oil output varies proportionally to load and operating pressure. It should be adequate for most operations as adjusted from the factory.

3. Initial oiler adjustment is made with the saw bar and chain removed.

The following step can be hazardous. Failure to heed the instructions could result in serious injury.

- Connect the pole chain saw to a hydraulic power source and check for proper operation. READ THE FOLLOWING CAREFULLY BEFORE PROCEED-ING.
  - a. Make sure the hydraulic power source is running at the lowest gpm/lpm rate it can while still producing full pressure.
  - b. Secure the pole chain saw firmly in a bench vise and place the correct size wrench on the 1/2-20 nut securing the sprocket.
  - c. Connect the hydraulic power source to the pole chain saw and turn the circuit control valve to the **ON** position.
  - d. With a firm grip on the pole chain saw and wrench, SLOWLY squeeze the trigger to activate it.
  - e. Adjust the oiler for a flow of approximately one drop every one to two seconds.
  - f. Release the trigger and remove the wrench.

#### CHAIN TENSION ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Observe all safety precautions.
- 2. When the chain appears loose, lubricate it well and let it cool for a few minutes to allow for contraction of the chain. Disconnect the pole chain saw from its hydraulic power source.

#### NOTE:

#### Perform Steps 3 through 6 while holding the top end of the saw bar upward.

- 3. Loosen the two saw bar nuts slightly.
- 4. Tighten the chain tension screw until the bottoms of the tie straps and cutters just touch the saw bar rails of the bottom of the saw bar.
- 5. Pull the chain around the saw bar by hand to be sure it fits the sprocket and saw bar properly. The chain should move easily.
- 6. Hold the saw bar tip up as you tighten the two saw bar nuts.
- Connect the pole chain saw to a hydraulic power source. Operate the chain at low speed (gpm) for a minute or two while pumping extra oil on the chain.
- 8. Stop the pole chain saw and check the tension.

If it has loosened, disconnect the pole chain saw from the hydraulic power source and perform Steps 3 through 6 again to tighten the chain to the correct tension.

9. Reconnect the pole chain saw to the hydraulic power source. Operate the saw and make a few easy cuts. Check chain tension and readjust if necessary (disconnect it from the hydraulic power source and perform Steps 3 through 6).

#### NOTE:

#### Never break in a new chain under a heavy cutting load.

10. Watch the chain tension carefully for the first halfhour of cutting.

#### **TOOL PROTECTION & CARE**



In addition to the Safety Precautions found in this manual, observe the following for equipment protection and care.

- Make sure all couplers are wiped clean before connection.
- The hydraulic circuit control valve must be in the OFF position when coupling or uncoupling hydraulic tools. Failure to do so may result in damage to the quick couples and cause overheating of the hydraulic system.
- Always store the tool in a clean dry space, safe from damage or pilferage.
- Make sure the circuit PRESSURE hose (with male quick disconnect) is connected to the IN port. The circuit RETURN hose (with female quick disconnect) is connected to the opposite port. Do not reverse circuit flow. This can cause damage to internal seals.
- Always replace hoses, couplings and other parts with replacement parts recommended by Stanley Hydraulic Tools. Supply hoses must have a minimum working pressure rating of 2500 psi/172 bar.
- Do not exceed the rated flow (see Specifications) in this manual for correct flow rate and model number. Rapid failure of the internal seals may result.

- Always keep critical tool markings, such as warning stickers and tags legible.
- Do not use the tool for applications it was not designed for. The chain saw is intended to cut wood only.
- Keep chain sharp for maximum tool performance.
- Tool repair should be performed by experienced personnel only.
- Make certain that the recommended relief valves are installed in the pressure side of the system.
- Do not use the tool for applications for which it was not intended.

#### TROUBLESHOOTING

If symptoms of poor performance develop, the following chart can be used as a guide to correct the problem.

When diagnosing faults in operation of the pole chain saw, always make sure the hydraulic power source is supplying the correct hydraulic flow and pressure as listed in the table. Use a flowmeter know to be accurate. Check the flow with the hydraulic fluid temperature at least 80 °F/27 °C.

PROBLEM	CAUSE	SOLUTION
Cuts slow.	Insufficient fluid flow or low relief valve setting.	Adjust fluid flow to proper gpm. For optimum performance adjust relief valve to 2250 psi/155 bar.
	Chain dull.	Sharpen per instructions or replace.
	Back-pressure too high.	Should not exceed 250 psi/17 bar at rated flow measured at the end of the tool operating hoses.
Bar turns color.	Insufficient oiler flow.	Adjust oiler per service instructions.
Tool does not run.	Power unit not functioning.	Check power unit for proper flow and pressure 4–6 gpm/15–22 lpm at 1500 psi/104 bar minimum for CS28. 7–9 gpm/26–34 lpm at 1000 psi/70 bar minimum for the CS25.
	Coupler or hoses blocked.	Remove obstruction.
	Mechanical failure.	Disassemble tool and inspect for damage.
Tool runs backwards.	Pressure and return hoses reversed.	Correct for proper flow direction. Motor shaft rotates clockwise.
Oil leakage around drive sprocket.	Motor shaft seal failure.	Replace as required. Make sure that oil present is not the result of excess oiler flow.
On/Off trigger is hard to press.	Pressure and return hoses reversed.	Correct for proper flow direction.
	Back-pressure too high.	Should not exceed 250 psi/17 bar at rated flow measured at the end of the tool operating hoses.
Motor sections oil leakage.	Motor face seal failure.	Replace as required.

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

Capacity	
CS25 and CS28	12 and 15 inch/30 and 38 cm Cut Lengths
Weight (w/o Bar and Chain)	8.5 lbs/4 kg
Overall Length	
10 inch Bar	
12 inch Bar	90 inches/229 cm
15 inch Bar	
Pressure	
CS25	
CS28	
Flow Range	· ·
CS25	
CS28	
Optimum Flow	
CS25	5 gpm/19 lpm
CS28	
Porting	8 (1/2 inch) SAE O-ring
Connect Size and Type	
Hose Whips	No

SOUND AND VIBRATION DECLARATION	
Test conducted on CS2881101, S/N 112 operated at standard 8 gpm input	
Measured A-weighted sound power level, Lwa (ref. 1pW) in decibels	106 dBA
Uncertainty, Kwa, in decibels	3 dBA
Measured A-weighted sound pressure level, Lpa (ref. 20 µPa) at operator's position, in decibels	98 dBA
Uncertainty, Kpa, in decibels	3 dBA
Values determined according to noise test code given in ISO 15744, using the basic standard ISO 3744 NOTE: The sum of a measured noise emission value and its associated uncertainty represents an upper boundary of the range of values which is likely to occur in measurements.	
Declared vibration emission value in accordance with EN 12096	
Measured vibration emission value: Trigger hand	1.1 m/sec <sup>2</sup>
Measured vibration emission value: Assist hand	3.9 m/sec <sup>2</sup>
Uncertainty: K	.5 m/sec <sup>2</sup>
Values determined according to ISO 8662-1, ISO 5349-1,2	

#### **ACCESSORIES**

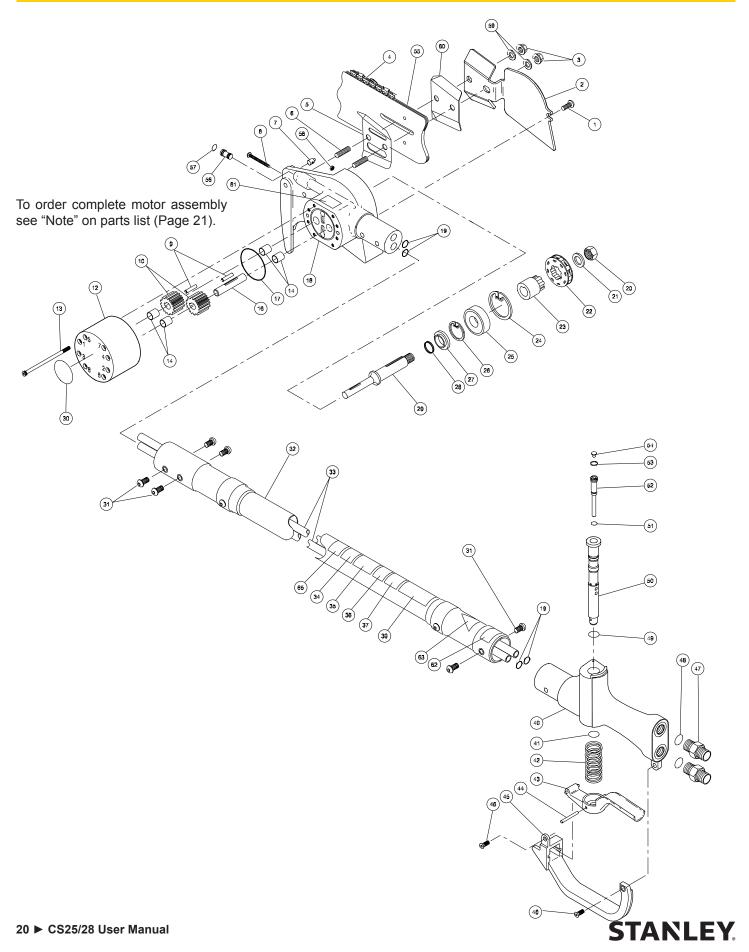
Description	
$12 \operatorname{inch}/30 \operatorname{cm}$	Sa

Description	Part Number
12 inch/30 cm Saw Bar	08347
15 inch/38 cm Saw Bar	07638
Saw Chain for 12 inch/30 cm Bar 34SL (56 Drive Links)	
Saw Chain for 15 inch/38 cm Bar 34SL (64 Drive Links)	
Sprocket 7T, .325 Pitch	
Chain Guard for 18 inch/46 cm Bar Length	
Flat File	
Scrench	

#### **SERVICE TOOLS**



#### **CS25 / CS28 PARTS ILLUSTRATION**



#### CS25 / CS28 PARTS LIST

ITEM	PART	OTV	DECODIDITION
<b>ITEM</b>	NO. 19212	<b>QTY</b>	DESCRIPTION
2		1	
_	65834		
3	07631	2	NUT SAW CHAIN – 12 INCH
4	08348	1	
-	07641	1	SAW CHAIN – 15 INCH
5	66577	1	CHAIN GUIDE PLATE
6	07630	2	
7	07620	1	BAR ADJUSTMENT NUT
8	07632	1	
9	04044	2	
10	04106	2	DRIVER GEAR (8 GPM)
44	07832	2	DRIVER GEAR (5 GPM)
11	-	_	NO ITEM
12	07652	1	REAR GEAR HOUSING ASSY (8 GPM)
10	07834	1	REAR GEAR HOUSING ASSY (5 GPM)
13	00753	8	CAPSCREW
14	04041	4	BUSHING
15	-	—	NO ITEM
16	07612	1	IDLER SHAFT
17	00020	1	O-RING*
18	66201	1	MOTOR HOUSING SERVICE ASSY
19	16668	4	O-RING*
20	00453	1	NUT
21	07617	1	WASHER
22	07629	1	RIM SPROCKET
23	07616	1	SPROCKET ADAPTER
24	06635	1	RETAINING RING
25	00335	1	BEARING
26	04856	1	RETAINING RING
27	07615	1	SEAL BACK-UP WASHER
28	04037	1	SEAL*
29	60975	1	MOTOR SHAFT
30	65839	1	NAME TAG – CS25
	65840	1	NAME TAG – CS28
31	18089	6	CAPSCREW
32	65937	1	OUTER TUBE ASSY – CS258X1
	65936	1	OUTER TUBE ASSY – CS258X2
	60973	1	OUTER TUBE ASSY – CS288X1
	62237	1	OUTER TUBE ASSY – CS288X2
33	00042	2	OIL TUBE ASSY – CS2X8X1
	62238	2	OIL TUBE ASSY – CS2X8X2
34	NA	1	DIELECTRIC TEST DECAL
35	15863	1	WARNING DECAL
36	05153	1	STANLEY DECAL
37	03786	1	7-9 GPM DECAL

ITEM	PART NO.	QTY	DESCRIPTION
	03782	1	4-6 GPM DECAL
39	12412	1	ELECTRIC WARNING DECAL
40	24833	1	HANDLE ASSY (NOTE: DOES NOT COME WITH SPOOL OR O-RING)
41	07627	1	O-RING*
42	19868	1	SPRING
43	51183	1	TRIGGER
44	01534	1	ROLL PIN
45	51182	1	TRIGGER GUARD
46	22147	2	CAPSCREW
47	00936	2	ADAPTER
48	01605	2	O-RING*
49	07626	1	O-RING*
50	19874	1	VALVE SPOOL
51	00026	1	O-RING*
52	19875	1	SELECTOR SPOOL
53	16070	1	RETAINING RING*
54	26414	1	LOCK OUT KIT
55	08347	1	SAW BAR – 12 IN
	07638	1	SAW BAR – 15 IN
56	02921	1	AUTOMATIC OILER
57	01362	1	O-RING*
58	06971	1	LOCK NUT
59	02634	2	WASHER
60	66578	1	CHAIN GUIDE
61	04746	1	AUTOMATIC OILER DECAL
62	34685	1	SOUND POWER LEVEL DECAL (CE ONLY)
63	11206	1	CIRCUIT TYPE C DECAL (CE ONLY)
	11207	1	CIRCUIT TYPE D DECAL (CE ONLY)
64	28323	1	CE DECAL (CE ONLY)
65	28409	1	COMPOSITE SAFETY DECAL (CE ONLY)
	03693	1	CLOSED-CENTER DECAL (NOT ILLUSTRATED)
	21053	1	SEAL KIT

\* Denotes Part in Seal Kit

Note: To order the full motor assembly which includes the following items: 6 thru 29 and 56 thru 58. CS25 Motor Assembly (5-GPM) P/N-73196 CS28 Motor Assembly (8-GPM) P/N-73195

### **STANLEY**<sub>®</sub>

Stanley Hydraulic Tools 3810 SE Naef Road Milwaukie, Oregon 97267-5698 USA (503) 659-5660 / Fax (503) 652-1780 www.stanleyhydraulics.com